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## FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

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### AFRICA.

*Report from Cape Colony—No cases of plague present—Examination of rats and mice.*

The report of the medical officer of health of Cape Colony shows that during the week ended October 21, 1905, no case of plague was discovered. Out of a large number of rats and mice examined bacteriologically, 2 mice found at Port Elizabeth were plague infected. No plague-infected rats or mice were found at King Williams Town or in the other districts of the colony.

#### *Plague at Chinde.*

Consul Hollis, Lourenço Marquez, reports October 14, through the Department of State, as follows:

I have just been officially advised of an outbreak of plague at Chinde.

The latest news regarding this outbreak is as follows: Up to September 29 there were 5 deaths; between the 6th and 7th instants, 1 case and no deaths; on the 8th, 1 case and 1 death, and on the 9th and 10th, neither case nor death.

### AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

#### *Report from Trieste—Inspection of emigrants.*

Assistant Surgeon Foster reports, November 16, as follows:

During the week ended November 11, 1905, the following ships were inspected at this port: On November 6 the steamship *Slavonia* sailed for New York via Fiume. There were inspected and passed 29 steerage passengers. The number of pieces of baggage disinfected was 36.

On November 7 the steamship *Gerty* sailed for New York via Messina and Palermo. There were inspected and passed 79 steerage passengers. The number of pieces of baggage disinfected was 185.

### BELGIUM.

*Disease on the bark Undine, from Pisagua, Chile, not identified as plague.*

A dispatch dated November 25, from the American legation at Brussels, received through the Department of State, transmits correspondence with the Belgian Government concerning cases of sickness suspected of being bubonic plague on board the German bark *Undine*, from Pisagua, Chile, detained in quarantine at Doel, from which it appears that the medical authorities have been as yet unable to identify the disease as bubonic plague.